





Human trafficking is more than sexual exploitation: Experts



by Esther Ng

05:55 AM Nov 29, 2010

SINGAPORE - An estimated 250,000 women and children are trafficked into South-east Asia every year, often to work in the sex industry.

But human trafficking is more than sexual exploitation, experts said.

It includes forced and child labour, as well as children who are used as soldiers, said experts speaking at the 4th NTS-Asia Annual Convention organised by the S Rajaratnam School of International Studies' Centre for Non-Traditional Security (NTS) Studies last Friday.

It is not for the lack of laws or action plans, but different perspectives on human trafficking from South-east Asian nations that has stymied progress in curtailing human trafficking in this region.

The executive director of the Philippines-based Institute for Strategic and Development Studies, Mr Herman Kraft, said: "There's a separation of human trafficking as an issue, which many Southeast Asian countries see as forced prostitution, and forced labour migration as an issue. You can't separate the two."

As a result, a country's anti-trafficking policies may be skewed towards curbing sexual exploitation but neglect to deal with problems of forced labour migration or child soldiers, he added.

Singapore's role as a destination country for women and girls subjected to forced prostitution - and for some migrant workers into what is perceived to be forced labour - was briefly mentioned.



OTHER SINGAPORE HEADLINES

- Share economic benefits, invest into future: PM
- Overall HIV tests up but anonymous and voluntary testing dip
- PAP has found 'good people', including potential office holders
- Mas Selamat's family's actions 'not reflective of Malay-Muslim community'
- Happy Grandparents' Day!



But NTS researchers Manpayan Kaur and P K Hangzo pointed out that even though Singapore is not a signatory to the United Nations' Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, it criminalises human trafficking via several means like the Penal Code, Employment Agencies Act and Employment of Foreign Manpower Act (EFMA).

They said: "Penalties prescribed for sex and labour trafficking, including imprisonment, fines and caning, are sufficiently stringent."

The researchers noted that the strict implementation of the EFMA has "reduced illegality" in the labour sector and has come down heavily on employers who fail to pay salaries on time or fail to maintain the foreign workers they have brought in.

Experts concluded that a multi-pronged approach involving source and destination countries, regulating labour recruiters, educating the population and tackling the demand for unreasonably cheap labour, would reduce human trafficking.



Like 31 likes. Sign Up to see what your friends like.





Ads by Google

Womens Abuse Stories

Real Womens Abuse Stories By Real Women For Real Women www.DivineCaroline.com

Hotels in Kota Kinabalu

Special deals on Kinabalu hotels Guaranteed lowest rates, Book now! Agoda.com/KotaKinabalu

Find a Lawyer - Free

Free, Confidential Lawyer Locator. Save Time - Describe Your Case Now! www.LegalMatch.com

TALKBACK

No responses currently.

LEAVE A COMMENT

- Irrelevant or inappropriate comments might be edited or removed.
- Please note that your comments might be used in the print edition of Today.

- Locally-developed mini UAV is just like a bird
- No excuse not to volunteer ...
- Fight against obesity: Junk food in the line of fire
- Murder suspect's first job in Singapore
- 6 students lauded for being good neighbours
- Parental support Act 'fills gap if filial piety fails'
- Better English 'a must for low-wage workers'
- S'pore respects Romania's decision on Ionescu: MFA
- Judge asks for British author's itinerary
- The part Singapore can play to stop aenocide

Today's PDF Print Edition







FOLLOW US ON TWITTER.COM/TODAYONLINE









RSS Feeds







Get TODAY delivered to you each day

MEDIACORP Sites

Copyright © 20 10 MediaCorp Press Ltd. All Rights Reserved 2. | Terms Of Use | Privacy Statement

About TODAY | Contact TODAY | Sitemap